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Although all plants are able to clean the air, the snake plant or golden pothos are recommended. They are extremely robust and adaptive to new environments such as the soil free environment of the Plant Air Purifier®. Plants occasionally go through a period of shock when transferred from soil to hydroculture. To ensure a successful potting process and accelerate the acclimation time, using either a golden photos or snake plant is highly recommended.

For individuals with greater hydroculture experience there are plants that are recommended but take greater care in transplanting and post-potting maintenance. The following plants are suggested for their proven toxin removal: Rubber plant, Lady Palm, Arecca Palm, Dumb Cane, Corn Plant, Warnecki Dracaenas, and Peace Lily. With significant experience there are several other plants that can be adapted to hydroculture as well.



Snake Plant

(*Sansevieria trifasciata*)

Native to Africa, the Snake Plant has stiff, thick, upright leaves that grow 3 to 4 feet tall. It is one of the easiest house plants to grow. It is a very hardy plant that can tolerate irregular watering and tolerates low light levels, although it does best in moderate to bright light. There are numerous cultivars with variegated foliage: 'Compacta', 'Goldiana', 'Hahnii', 'Laurentii', 'silbersee', and 'silver Hahnii'.

The ideal temperate is between 65°-80°F. The plant will suffer if exposed to temperatures below 50°F.

The Snake Plant helps to improve indoor air quality by removing toxins such as formaldehyde and benzene from the air. NASA studies show it can produce a significant amount of oxygen during the night.

As with many indoor plants, this houseplant is toxic when eaten, so please keep away from pets and children.

Golden Pothos

(*Epipremnum aureum*)

The Pothos is a leafy, attractive and hardy plant. Often used in public locations such as malls and offices because it requires little care. It is tolerant of many lighting conditions, but best in low light. Direct sun will scorch the leaves. Varieties of the Pothos may have white, yellow, or light green variegation. This plant prefers temperatures between 63° and 86°F.

Pothos is efficient at removing toxins such as formaldehyde, xylene, and benzene, improving indoor air quality.

The Pothos is a vine that can be trained to climb. It is often used as an under planting other larger plants. Trim your plant periodically to encourage it to stay bushy. Trim directly above the knots of leaves.

As with many indoor plants, this houseplant is toxic when eaten, so please keep away from pets and children.

